



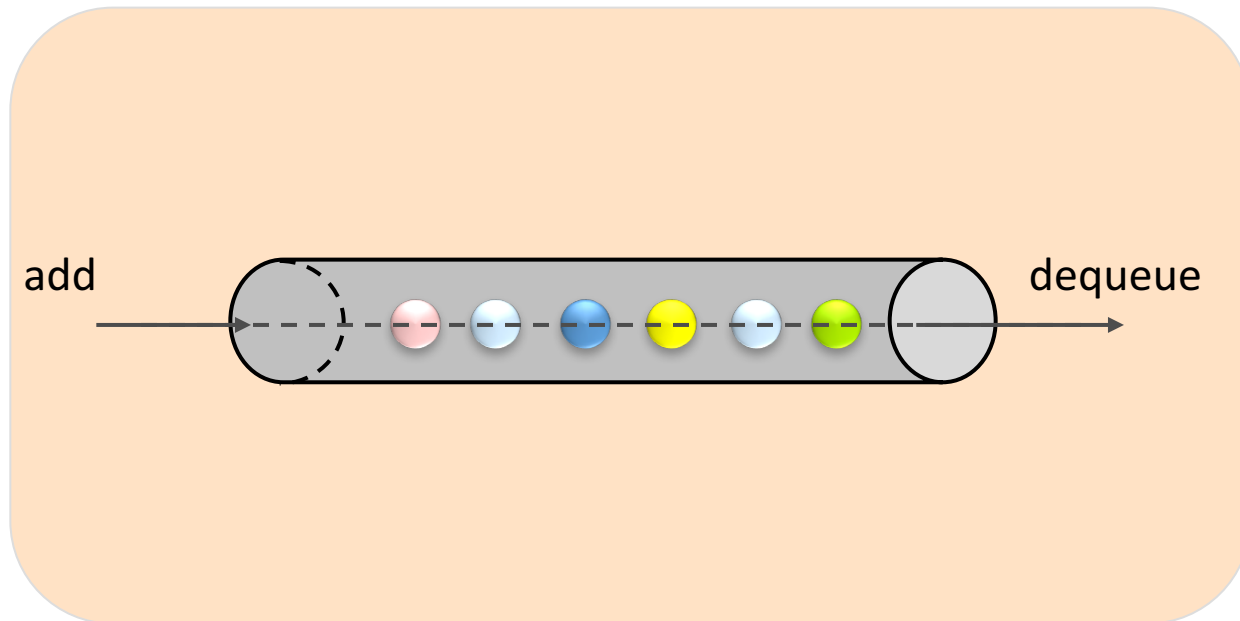
departamento de informática
FACULDADE DE CIÊNCIAS E TECNOLOGIA
UNIVERSIDADE NOVA DE LISBOA

Alternative Synchronization Strategies — Lock Free Algorithms (1) —

Concurrency and Parallelism — 2017-18
Master in Computer Science
(Mestrado Integrado em Eng. Informática)

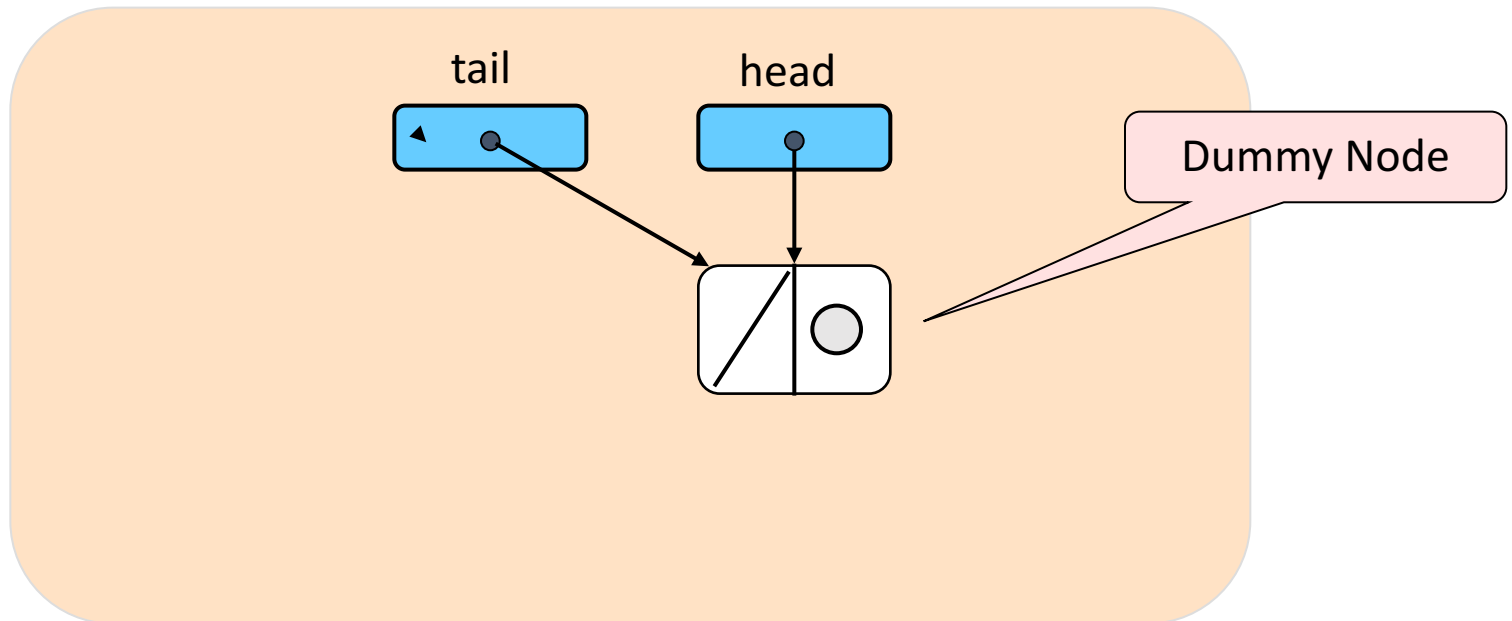
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Basics for a lock-free Queue

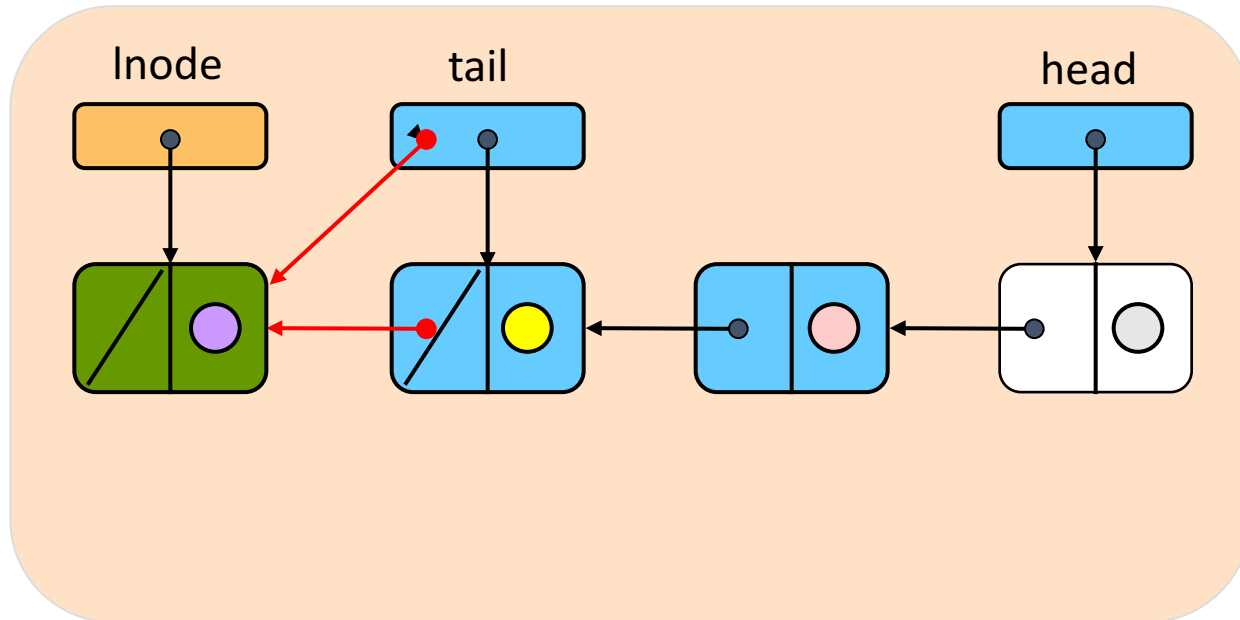


Basics for a lock-free Queue

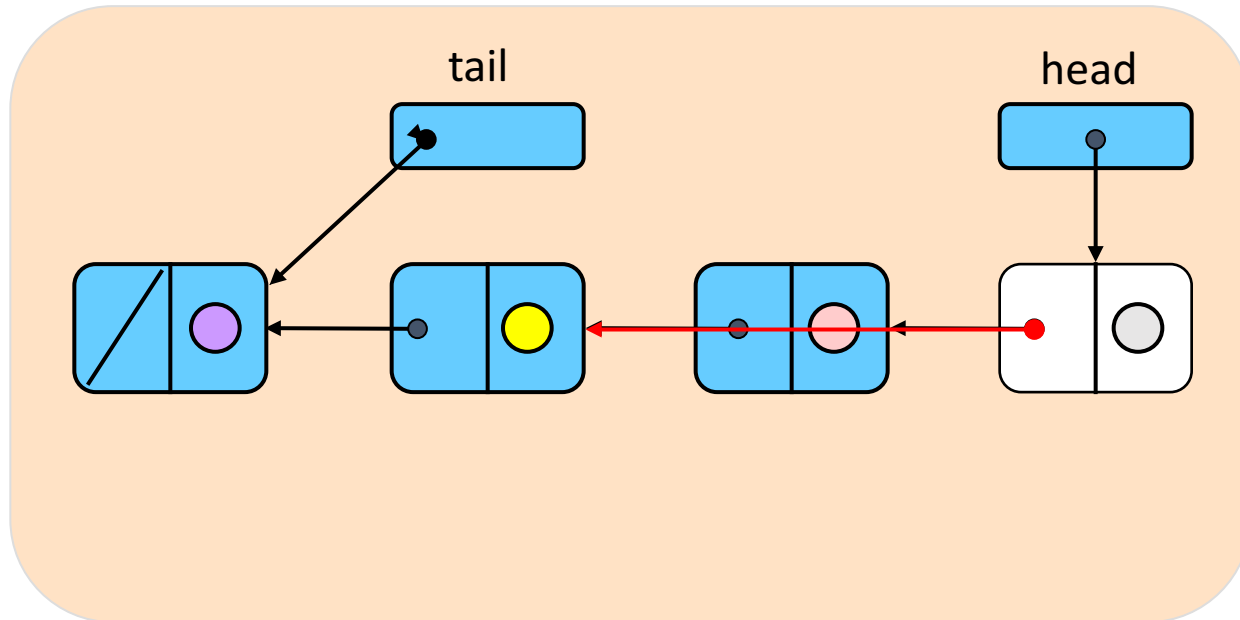
Empty queue



Enqueue



Deque



Compare & set(CAS)

shared
register old new

↓ ↓ ↓

CAS (A, B, C)

```
if A=B then A:=C; return(true)
           else return(false)
```

Supported by Sun, Intel, AMD, ...

Reminder: Lock-Free Data Structures

- No matter what ...



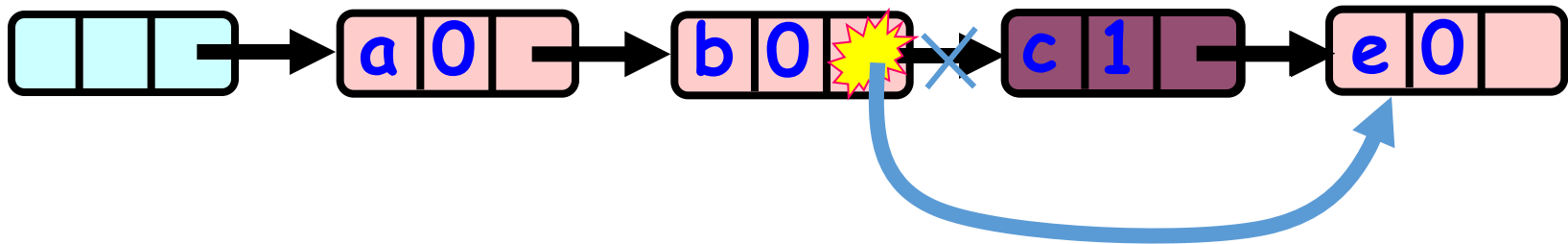
- Guarantees minimal progress in any execution
 - i.e., some thread will always complete a method call
- Even if others halt at malicious times
- Implies that implementation can't use locks

Lock-free Lists

- Next logical step is...
- Eliminate locking entirely
 - *contains()* wait-free
 - *add()* lock-free
 - *remove()* lock-free
- Use only *compareAndSet()*
- What could go wrong?

Remove Using CAS

Logical Removal =
Set Mark Bit



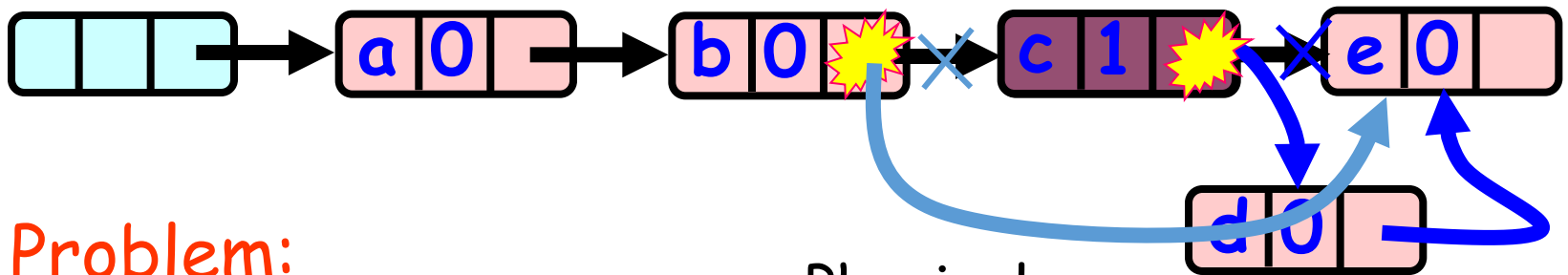
Use CAS to verify
if pointer is correct

Not enough!

Physical
Removal
CAS pointer

Problem...

Logical Removal =
Set Mark Bit



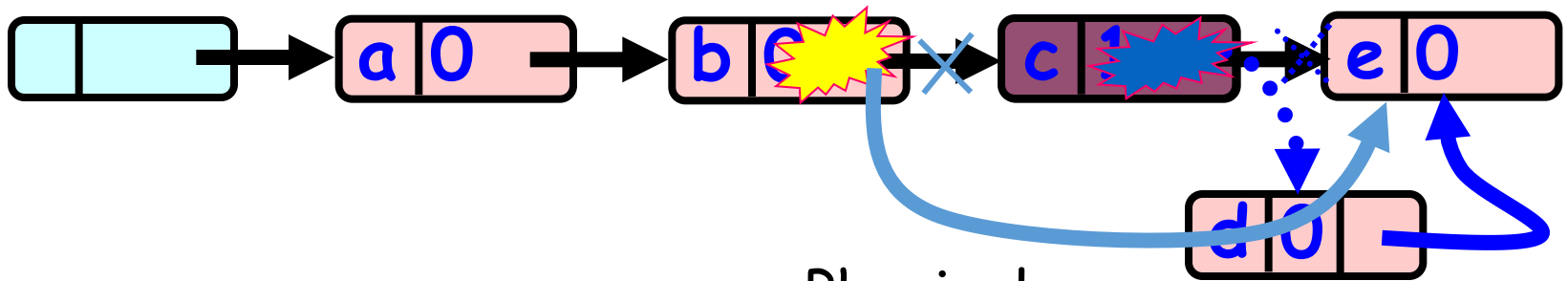
Problem:
'd' not added to list...
Must Prevent
manipulation of
removed node's pointer

Physical
Removal
CAS

Node added
Before
Physical
Removal CAS

The Solution: Combine Bit and Pointer

Logical Removal = Set Mark Bit



Mark-Bit and Pointer
are CASed together
(AtomicMarkableReference)

Physical Removal CAS

Fail CAS: Node not added after logical Removal

Solution

- Use *AtomicMarkableReference*
- Atomically
 - Swing reference and
 - Update flag
- Remove in two steps
 - Set mark bit in next field
 - Redirect predecessor's pointer

Marking a Node

- AtomicMarkableReference class
 - Java.util.concurrent.atomic package



Extracting Reference & Mark

```
public object get(boolean[] marked);
```

Extracting Reference & Mark

```
public object get(boolean[] marked);
```

Returns
reference

Returns mark at
array index 0!

Extracting Reference Only

```
public boolean isMarked();
```

Value of
mark

Changing State

```
public boolean compareAndSet(  
    Object expectedRef,  
    Object updateRef,  
    boolean expectedMark,  
    boolean updateMark);
```

Changing State

If this is the current
reference ...



```
public boolean compareAndSet(  
    Object expectedRef,  
    Object updateRef,  
    boolean expectedMark,  
    boolean updateMark);
```

And this is the
current mark ...

Changing State

...then change to this
new reference ...

```
public boolean compareAndSet(  
    Object expectedRef,  
    Object updateRef,  
    boolean expectedMark,  
    boolean updateMark);
```

... and this new
mark

Changing State

```
public boolean attemptMark(  
    Object expectedRef,  
    boolean updateMark);
```

Changing State

```
public boolean attemptMark(  
    Object expectedRef,  
    boolean updateMark);
```

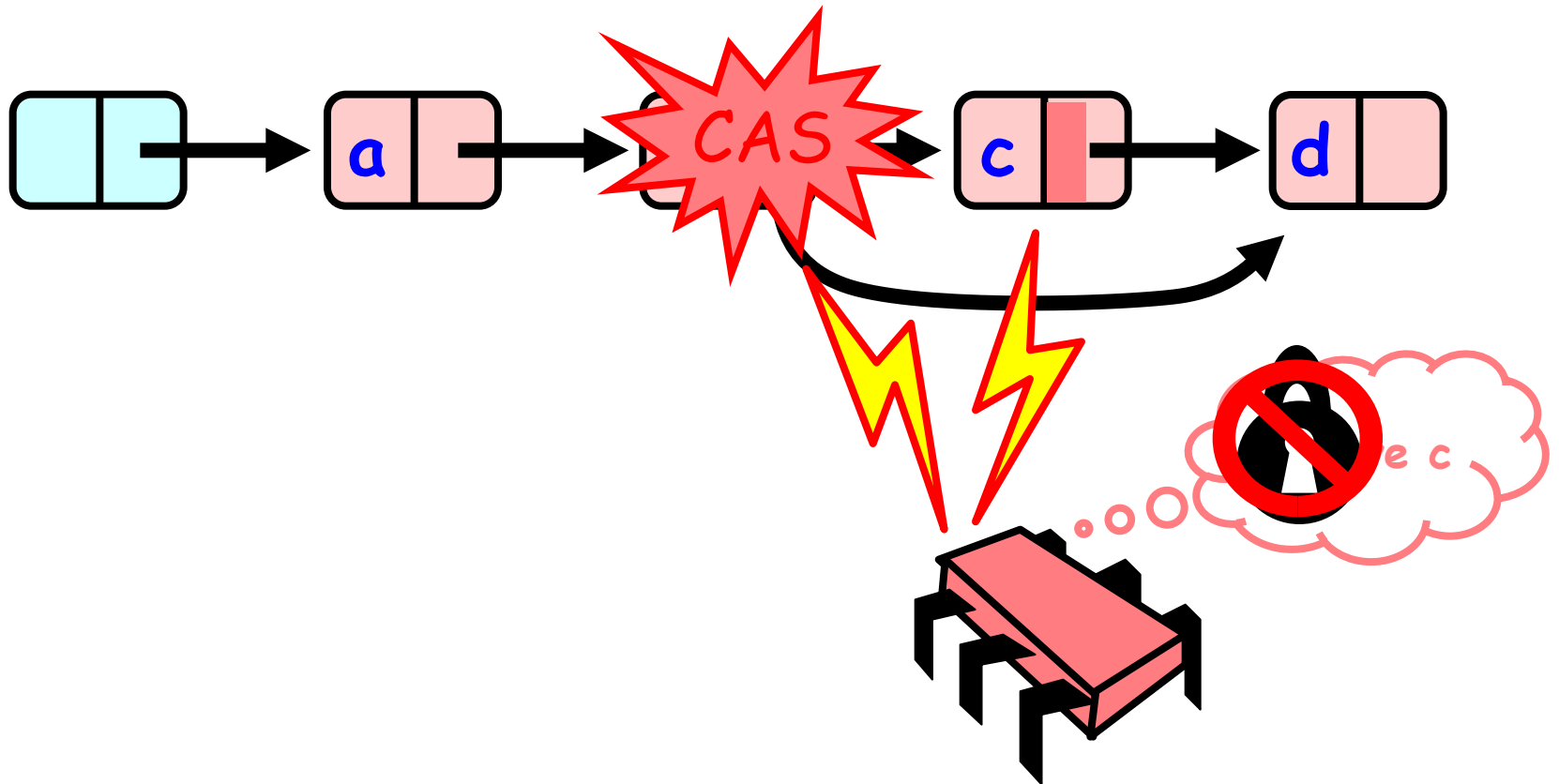
If this is the current
reference ...

Changing State

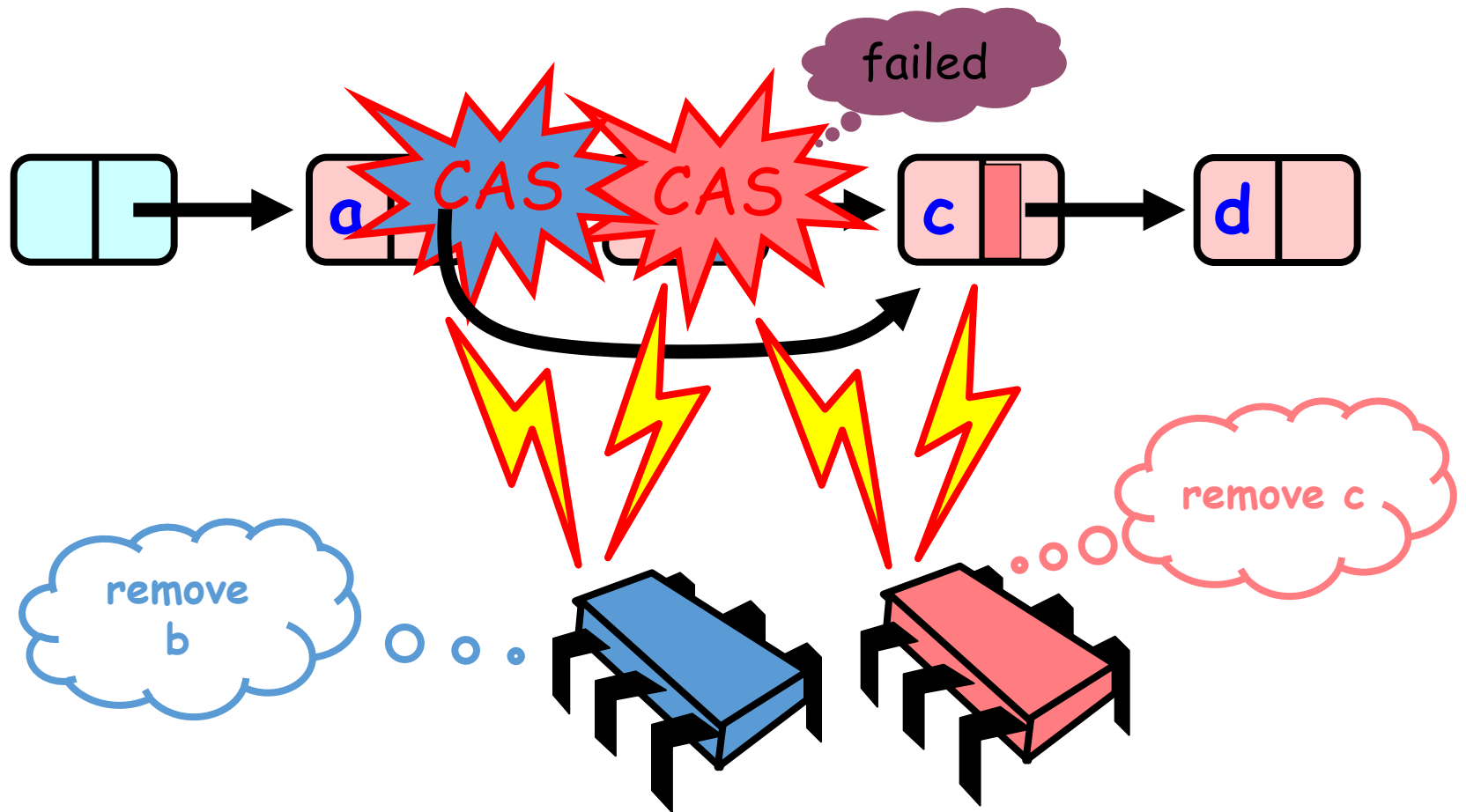
```
public boolean attemptMark(  
    Object expectedRef,  
    boolean updateMark);
```

.. then change to
this new mark.

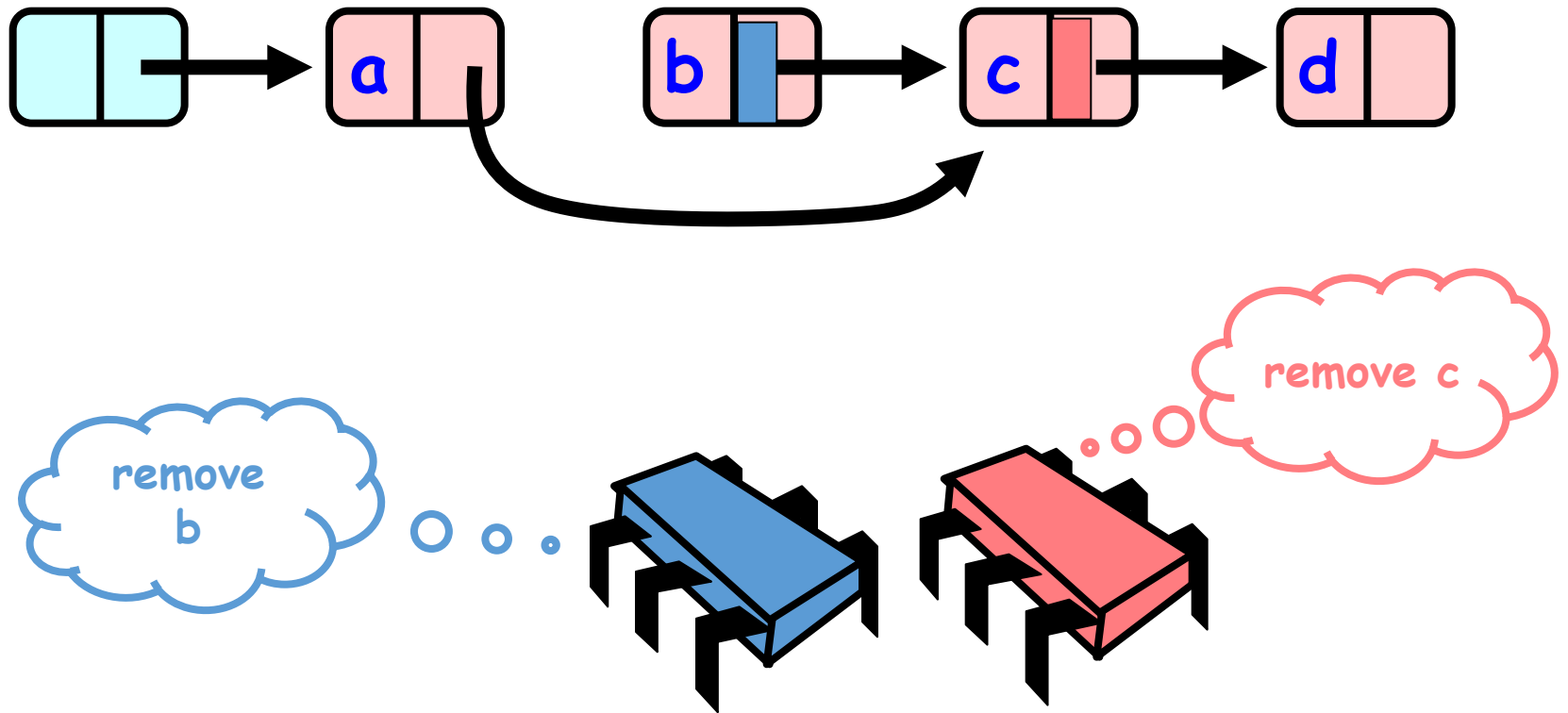
Removing a Node



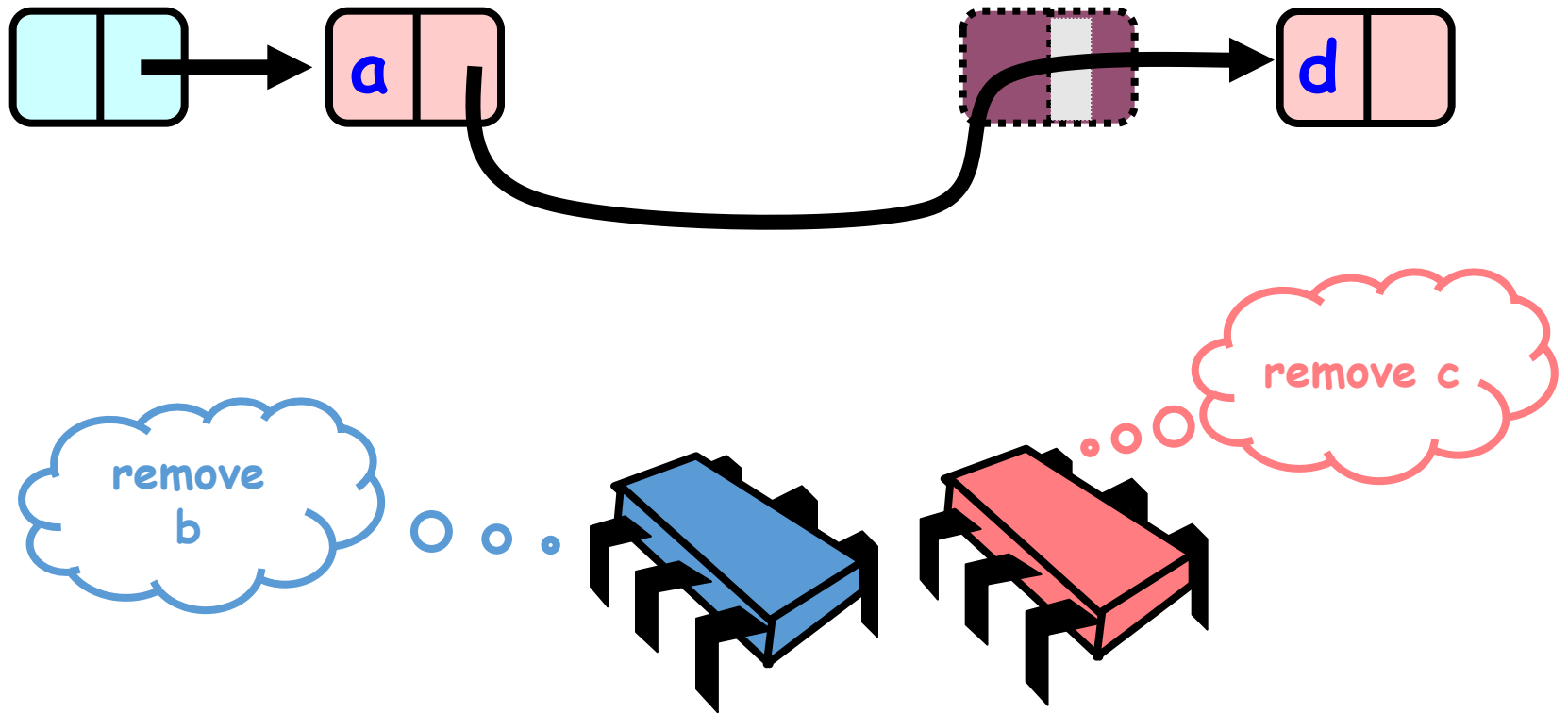
Removing a Node



Removing a Node



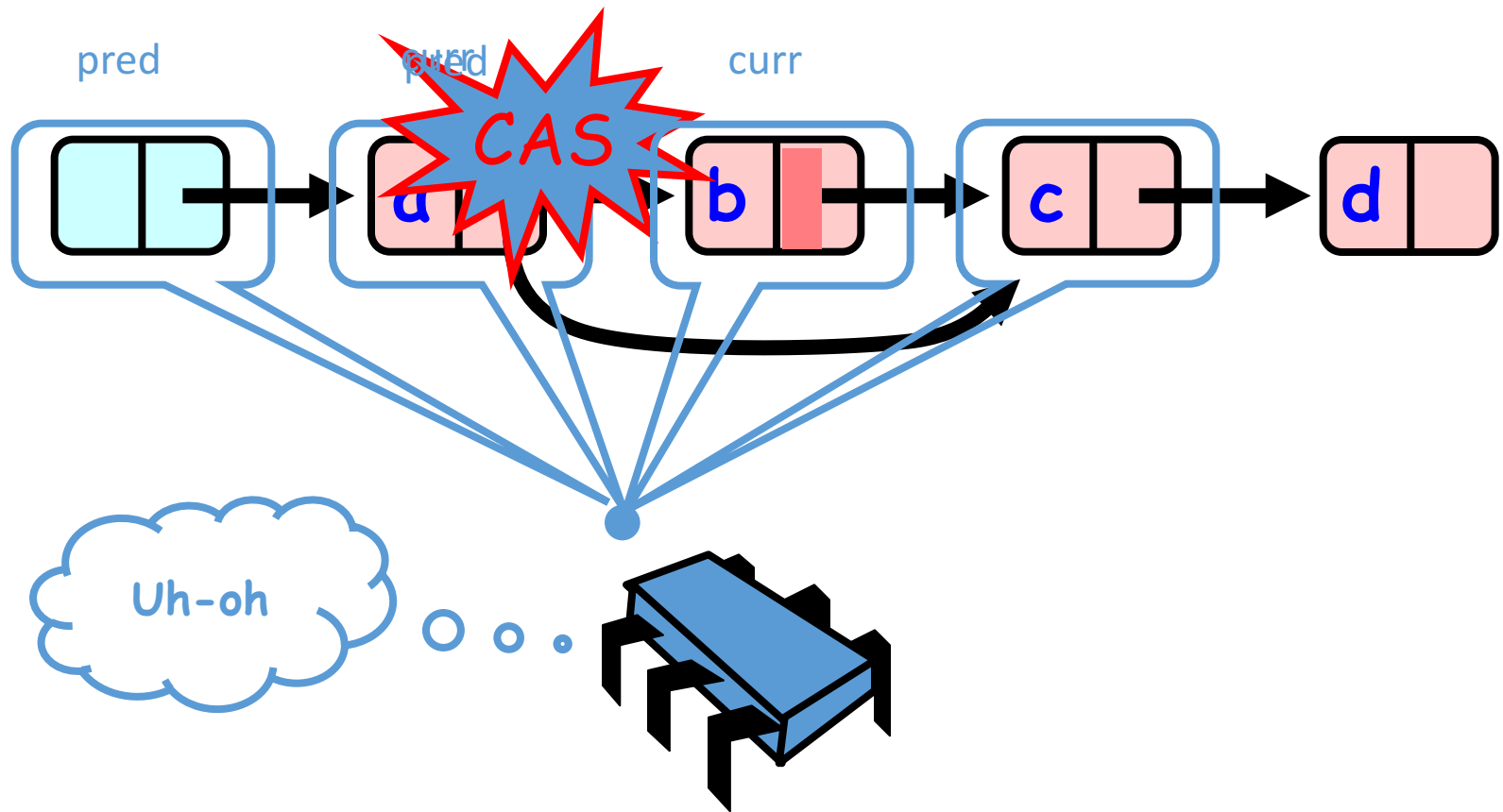
Removing a Node



Traversing the List

- Q: what do you do when you find a “logically” deleted node in your path?
- A: finish the job.
 - CAS the predecessor’s next field
 - Proceed (repeat as needed)

Lock-Free Traversal (only Add and Remove)



The END
